



Designing Assessments: Common Item Types

Canvas provides many options for designing questions for your assessments of student learning. The table below, developed in collaboration with the Schreyer Institute for Teaching Excellence, and Education Teaching and Learning with Technology, provides some guidance on the appropriateness of particular item types.

- **Constructed response** item types provide students with a prompt and require them to generate an answer. Examples include short answer and essay. Typically, supplied response items are easier to write but harder to score.
- **Selected response** item types provide students with all possible answers and require them to select the correct one. Selected response type items include multiple choice, matching, and true/false and are typically harder to write but easier to score.

Table 1: Pros and Cons of Constructed Response Item Types

Item type	Description	Pros	Cons	Canvas Considerations
Essay	Question followed by a text box; must be manually graded	 Excellent for testing higher order thinking Makes it more difficult to guess Easy to write, relative to other item types 	 Extra steps are required to ensure objectivity, and consistency, in scoring May put poor writers at a disadvantage Time consuming to score 	 Can be used for Short Answer item types as short answer quiz questions are not available in Canvas Allows for 16,384 characters to be entered File Upload option: Question followed by a "Choose a File" button; use for PDFs, images, audio/video files Great for higher order thinking Can be good proxies for "real world" uses of knowledge Can be time consuming to develop
Fill in the blank/ Fill in multiple blanks	Question presented as text with blank space(s) for the correct word(s) or phrase to be filled in by the user	Ease of scoring	 If no word bank, test taker must know the one "right answer" You can enter more than one possible answer to aid in the student needing to know an exact "right answer" 	

Item type	Description	Pros	Cons	Canvas Considerations
	Question followed by an empty text box; answer options include exact answer, a range of answers, or answer with precision	Ease of scoring		 Flexibility with what the answer can look like Everyone gets the same question
Formula (simple formula or single variable)	Question automatically generated by mathematical formulas and variables	Questions and answers are different for each user	 Can be difficult to create if formulas are complex Currently some challenges with the math equation editor 	Scored automatically by Canvas

Table 2: Pros and Cons of Selected Response Item Types

Item type	Description Description	Pros	Cons	Canvas Considerations
Multiple choice	Question followed by a list of choices; one selection is allowed	 Great flexibility in assessing lower- and higher-order thinking Can be used diagnostically to test misconceptions Time-efficient administration Fast and efficient scoring 	 Difficult to assess affective constructs Challenging and time consuming to write effective questions 	 Can utilize question banks Can randomize questions Can shuffle answers
Multiple answers	Question followed by a list of choices; multiple selections are allowed	 Credit can be given for partial correctness Increases amount and nature of content assessed in a single question 	one correct answer, students are less able to	Canvas does not indicate that an item requires multiple answers; this must be included in the question text.
Multiple drop-down	Question presented as text with drop-down menus for correct answers to be selected by the user	 Credit can be given for partial correctness Point calculation is more simple than for multiple answers 	Providing options for each blank could make it easier for lower-knowledge students to guess the correct answer	Similar to "Fill in multiple blank" from table 1 Difference is that students select an answer – avoid drop-downs as they are not optimized for accessibility

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Item type	Description	Pros	Cons	Canvas Considerations
Matching	List of items and definitions to be matched	Effective when assessing definitions and relationships	 Not well-suited for assessing higher order thinking Correct matches may be evidence of guessing rather than understanding (Make sure there are more 	
True or false	Statement that is either true or false	 Time-efficient administration and scoring Effective when assessing misconceptions, cause-effect relations 	definitions than items) High probability of students guessing the correct answer	

<u>Instructions for creating each quiz question type in Canvas</u>